

VALOR MENSUAL ORIENTATIVO

Julio 2025



Instituto Nacional de
Tecnología Agropecuaria



Ministerio
de Economía
República Argentina

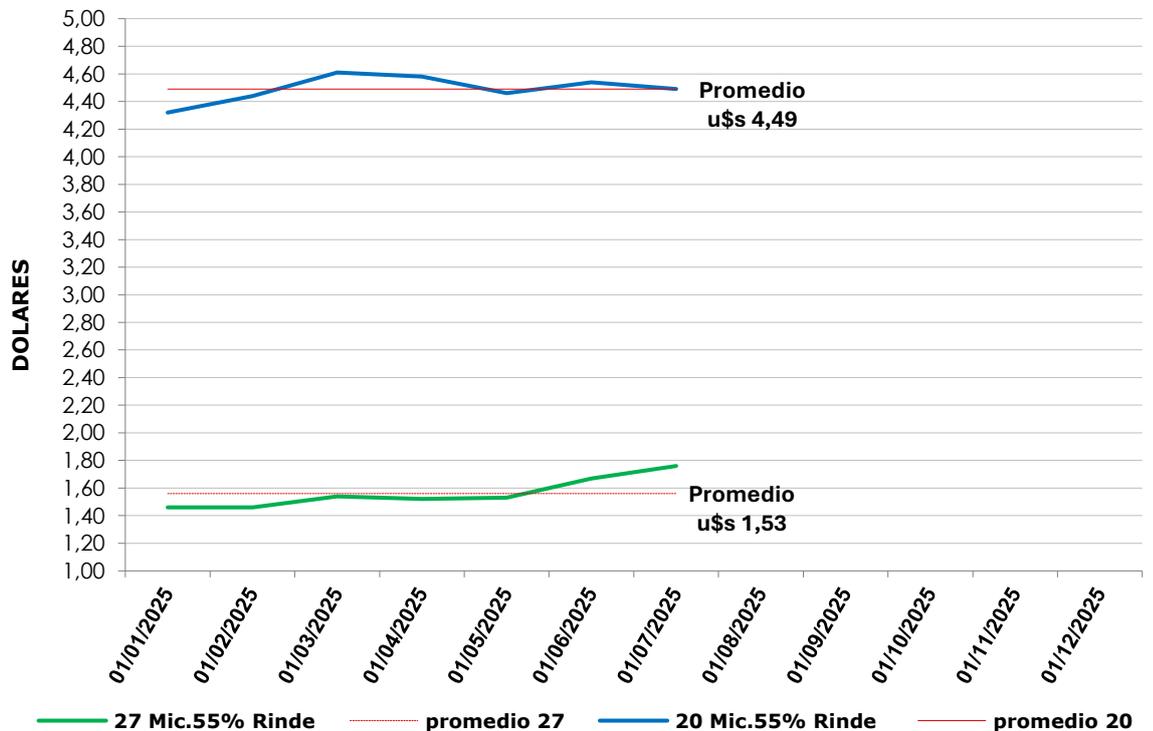
Secretaría de Agricultura,
Ganadería y Pesca

VMO: Es un valor Indicativo del precio de La lana para diferentes diámetros medios y un rinde de 55% peine. Se obtiene con el último Valor Orientativo del Sipym y última variación Cambiaria (Bco. Nación) Correspondiente al mes de referencia.

Finura	Rinde Peine	Valor en U\$S	Paridad Cambiaria	Valor en \$
20	55 %	4,49	1365	6128,85
21	55 %	4,44	1365	6060,60
22	55 %	4,41	1365	6019,65
23	55 %	4,33	1365	5910,45
24	55 %	3,84	1365	5241,60
25	55 %	2,49	1365	3398,85
26	55 %	2,07	1365	2825,55
27	55 %	1,76	1365	2402,40
28	55 %	1,46	1365	1992,90
29	55 %	1,35	1365	1842,75
30	55 %	1,24	1365	1692,60
31	55 %	1,14	1365	1556,10
32	55 %	1,04	1365	1419,60

Fuente: SIPyM - PROLANA 31/07/25- Dólar Comprador Según BNA 31/07/2025

FINURAS DE 20 Y 27 MICRONES CON 55% DE RINDE AL PEINE



Evolución Histórica del VMO para lanas de 20 y 27 micrones de Diámetro y 55% de rinde al peine.

Inicio de la serie 01/01/2025 al mes actual de referencia.

the 1990s, the number of people with a mental health problem has increased in the UK, and this is expected to continue in the future (Mental Health Act 1983, 1990).

There is a need to improve the lives of people with mental health problems, and to reduce the stigma and discrimination that they experience. This is a key priority for the UK government (Department of Health 2005).

The aim of this paper is to explore the experiences of people with mental health problems who are involved in the criminal justice system, and to identify the factors that influence their experiences.

Method

Design

This study was a qualitative study, and the data were collected through semi-structured interviews. The interviews were conducted with people who had been involved in the criminal justice system, and who had a mental health problem.

The participants were recruited through a range of sources, including mental health services, probation services, and the criminal justice system. The participants were interviewed in a range of settings, including their homes, mental health services, and probation services.

The interviews were conducted by a researcher who had experience of working with people with mental health problems, and who had not been involved in the criminal justice system. The interviews were audio taped, and lasted between 30 and 60 minutes.

The data were analysed using a grounded theory approach (Glaser and Strauss 1967). This approach involves identifying themes in the data that are related to the research question, and then developing a theory that explains these themes.

The grounded theory approach was chosen for this study because it allows the researcher to explore the experiences of people with mental health problems who are involved in the criminal justice system, and to identify the factors that influence these experiences.

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